



Committed to the future
of rural communities.

Water & Environmental Programs

**Annual Activity Report
Fiscal Year 2006**



FROM THE DESK OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Rural America enjoys enormous opportunities, and it is a privilege to work with community leaders across the country to foster economic development and improve the quality of life for rural people.

Here in USDA Rural Development we have over 40 programs. Through these wide ranging programs, we provide technical assistance and funding for rural infrastructure, housing, community facilities, and business development. Indeed, USDA Rural Development can -- as we often remark in passing -- literally build an entire community from the ground up. And that often begins with essential water utilities. It is through our Utilities Programs where we begin building a community's foundation for electrification, telecommunication and water and environmental infrastructure.

During the Bush Administration in our Water and Environmental Programs alone, we have made over 13,000 loans and grants totalling nearly \$9.4 billion. The numbers, however large, do not tell the real story. Our success is measured by such things as homes and businesses served by clean water, increasing health and medical services, safety services, and security for rural Americans. True success is new businesses started and jobs created. It is families moving into new homes and the economic and life-quality growth of vibrant small towns. Whether it is an ethanol plant or wastewater treatment plant, a day care center or a critical care medical facility, or a main street business or a new Broadband communications industry, the investments made by USDA Rural Development are building a better future for all rural Americans.

Rural America is incredibly diverse. It includes some of the most rapidly growing jurisdictions in the country, but also areas challenged by long-term decay, and everything in between. One size does not fit all. As rural America changes so must we. We must continue to work hard to support rural families, businesses, and communities as they build an exciting future and the necessary infrastructures for all of rural America.

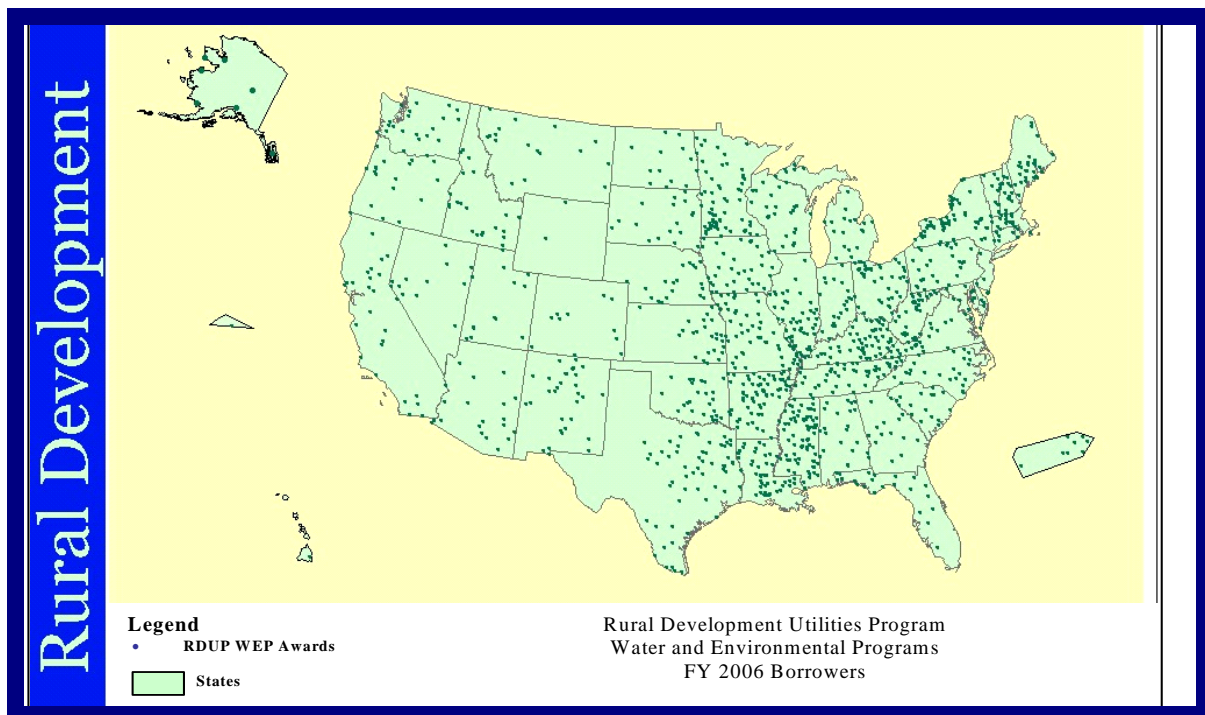
**James M. Andrew
Administrator
Utilities Programs**

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Water and Environmental Programs

Through Rural Development Water and Environmental Programs (WEP), rural communities obtain the technical assistance and financing necessary to develop drinking water and waste disposal systems. Safe drinking water and sanitary waste disposal systems are vital not only to public health, but also to the economic vitality of rural America. Rural Development is a leader in helping rural America improve the quality of life and increase the economic opportunities for rural people.



WEP is administered through National office staff in Washington, DC, and a network of field staff. The network of 47 Rural Development State offices, supported by area and local offices, delivers the programs in the states and U.S. territories. WEP staff provides technical assistance such as reviewing projects for engineering, environmental, and financial feasibility. The staff works closely with program participants, their project engineers, and state regulatory agencies to ensure that projects are reasonable, affordable, and based on commonly accepted engineering practices. WEP staff also helps communities explore project funding options and technical assistance through other programs.

FY 2006 Funding and Accomplishments

Area	Program	Funds	No. of Projects
Special Initiatives	Colonias	\$23,752,030	28
	Native American	\$16,345,598	25
	EZ/EC/REAP	\$7,113,800	9
	PPG	\$481,120	46
	Water Well	\$300,000	1
	Revolving Fund	\$495,000	1
	Subtotal	\$48,487,548.00	110
Other Agencies	ARC	\$9,397,456	28
	DRA	\$172,898	2
	EDA	\$1,337,660	1
	Subtotal	\$10,908,014	31
Emergency	ECWAG	\$6,749,461	21
	2003/2004 HTS	\$11,148,478	12
	2005 Hurricanes	\$15,099,300	10
	Subtotal	\$32,997,239	43
Technical Assistance	SWM	\$3,464,998	39
	TAT	\$17,726,000	8
	Circuit Rider	\$13,821,074	1
	Subtotal	\$35,012,072	48
Regular Program	Direct	\$1,363,435,539	972
	Guaranteed	\$2,500,000	3
	Subtotal	\$1,365,935,539	975
TOTALS		\$1,493,340,412	1,207

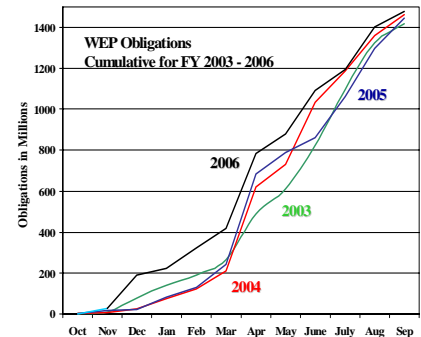
FY 2006 Funding Activity Highlights

In FY 2006 WEP invested \$1.5 billion in direct and guaranteed loans and grants to provide technical assistance and help rural communities develop 1,207 water and waste disposal facilities. Funding activities included:

- ❖ \$1.4 billion in WWD direct loans and grants made to develop 972 facilities
- ❖ \$48 million assisted 110 projects in disadvantaged communities
- ❖ \$33 million funded 43 projects in communities qualifying for emergency assistance
- ❖ \$35 million funded 48 grants to technical assistance providers
- ❖ 53,000 technical assistance calls were completed by Circuit Riders
- ❖ \$7 million funded 9 projects in EZ/EC/REAP areas
- ❖ \$2.5 million in guaranteed loans
- ❖ \$15 million funded 10 projects for areas affected by hurricanes in 2005
- ❖ 31 projects administered for partner organizations
- ❖ \$300,000 for Individually-Owned Water Well Systems Grants
- ❖ \$495,000 for Water and Wastewater Revolving Fund Grants
- ❖ \$481,000 for 46 Predevelopment Planning Grants to assist in preparing applications for WEP funds

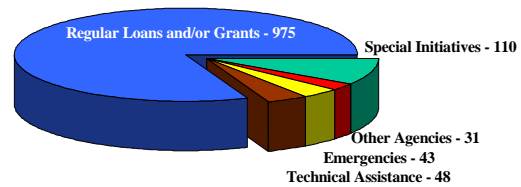
Overview of Projects Funded in FY 2006

WEP processes loans and grants on an ongoing basis throughout the fiscal year. As shown in the chart, the obligation of funds remains fairly constant during the year. This makes maximum use of limited staff resources and assures the delivery of the WEP allocation of funds.



In FY 2006, WEP funded 1,207 projects for \$1.5 billion. The majority (81 percent) of the projects were funded from the WEP regular loan and grant program. The balance of the projects was funded through several special programs and initiatives.

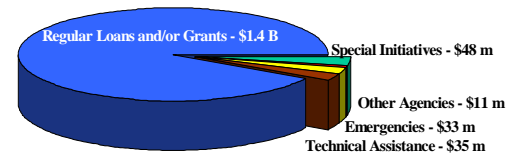
WEP FY 2006 Projects



Total Projects = 1,207

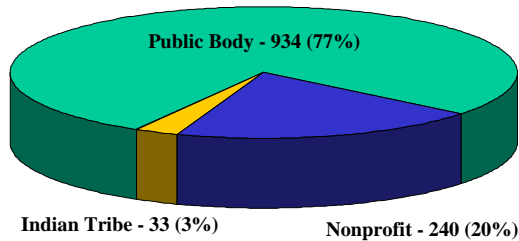
Technical Assistance and Training grants and Solid Waste Management grants were made to 48 grantees. Forty-three applicants received funds set aside to assist water systems with emergency conditions. Through agreements with the Appalachian Regional Commission and the Delta Regional Authority, WEP provided funding for and/or administered 31 projects. And through special initiatives such as Colonias, Native American, and Empowerment Zones, 110 projects received set aside funds.

WEP FY 2006 Funds



Total Funds = \$1.5 Billion

WEP Projects - FY 2006 by Type

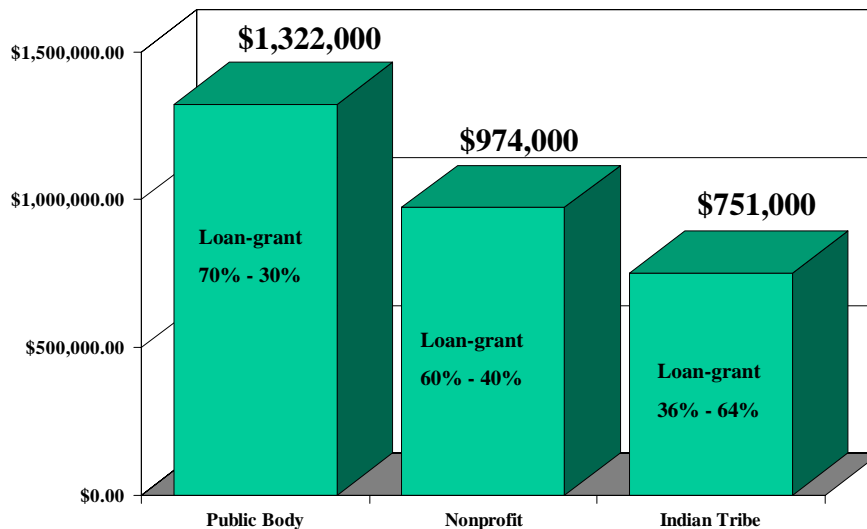


The three categories of eligible applicants are public body, Indian tribe and nonprofit organization. Public bodies made up the largest portions of FY 2006 borrowers at 77 percent. Nonprofit organizations accounted for 20 percent of the borrowers and the balance of 3 percent was Indian tribes.

Public body projects tend to be about 36 percent larger than nonprofit. Two possible reasons are the increased demand for fire protection in public body water systems and more wastewater systems for public bodies. These wastewater systems usually are more costly than drinking water systems on a per user basis.

Indian tribe projects were smaller than public body projects, and they also used a much higher percentage of grant funds than other projects – 64 percent compared to 30 percent. This is most likely due to tribal projects being sparsely settled with very low incomes.

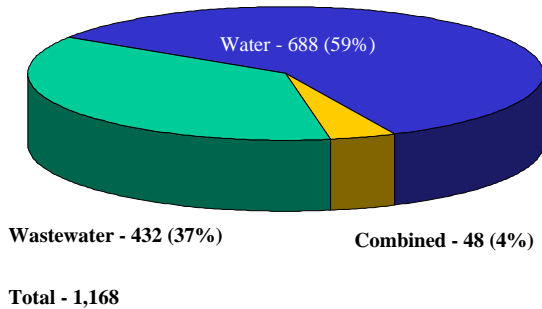
WEP Average Project Data



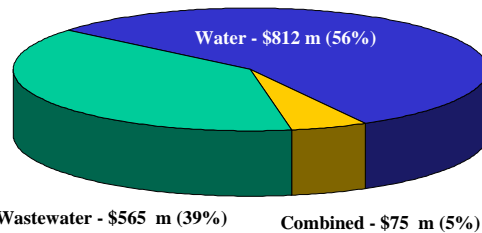
Water and sewer projects make up the bulk of WEP infrastructure funding. The ratio of water to sewer projects has remained fairly constant over the past few years along a 60/40 split.

The 688 water projects represented 59 percent while the 432 wastewater systems accounted for 37 percent. The balance of the projects made improvements to both water and sewer systems.

**WEP Projects - FY 2006
by Type**



**WEP Projects - FY 2006
by Funds**

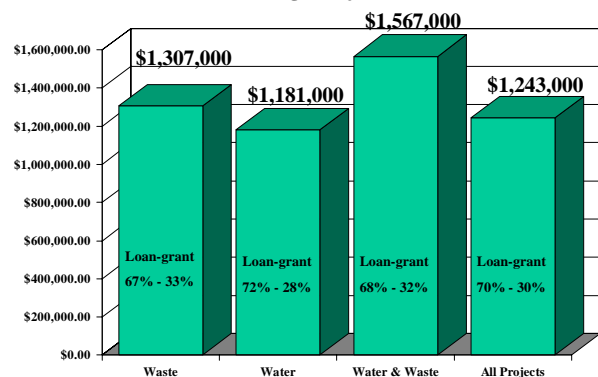


We also see the same trend when looking at the \$1.5 billion funding for water and sewer systems. Water projects used \$812 million or 56 percent of WEP funds. Wastewater used \$565 million or 39 percent of WEP funds.

As expected, wastewater projects are more costly than water projects. Wastewater projects cost about 11 percent more than water projects.

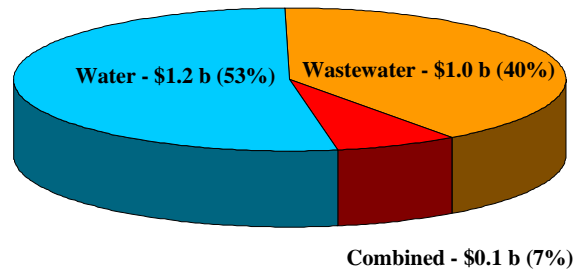
For all projects, the average WEP funds were \$1.2 million with the loan/grant split at 70/30 percent.

WEP Average Project Data



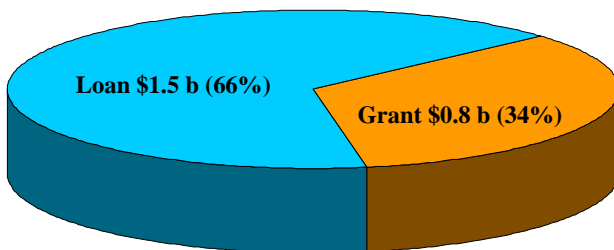
The next series of charts describe the WEP backlog as of September 30, 2006. At the end of FY 2006 there were 985 applications for \$2.3 billion.

**WEP Backlog - FY 2006
Amount of Applications on Hand
by Type**



Total - \$2.3 billion as of September 30, 2006

**WEP Backlog - FY 2006
Amount of Applications on Hand
by Funds**



Total - \$2.3 billion as of September 30, 2006

Backlog data from our management information systems indicates a continuing need for water and waste disposal infrastructure in rural areas. Water projects make up the majority of the demand, in both numbers and dollars. Again, there is very close to a 60/40 split with wastewater projects.

Loan Portfolio

The total portfolio of Water and Environmental Programs as of September 30, 2006, included 8,080 borrowers, 17,330 loans, and \$8,556,026,307 in unpaid principal. Credit advice and assistance is provided to the applicants and borrowers throughout the loan making,

provides rural water circuit riders. Additional service to applicants and borrowers is provided under a grant to the Rural Community Assistance Partnership (RCAP) and a grant to West Virginia University Research Foundation for the National Drinking Water Clearinghouse.

WEP PORTFOLIO AS OF SEPTEMBER 2006

Type of Borrower	Borrowers	Loans	Unpaid Principal
Water	5,715	11,975	\$5,591,454,000
Sanitary Sewer	3,238	5,002	\$2,812,009,000
Solid Waste	104	124	\$89,738,000
Storm Drainage	31	35	\$15,580,000
RC&D	8	10	\$401,000
Watershed and Flood Prevention	75	127	\$18,869,000
Guaranteed	46	57	\$27,975,307
TOTALS	*8080	17,330	\$8,556,026,307

* The numbers in the borrower column do not total as a borrower may have loans in multiple categories.

construction, and system management and maintenance processes. For many rural systems, the projects financed through WEP may be the first experience board members or town councils have with financing and managing a public utility. In recent years, supervised credit assistance has been expanded through the use of service providers. A contract with the National Rural Water Association

Loans written off since the inception of the program are approximately one tenth of 1 percent. Since the first loan made in 1940, 52 loans have been written off at a \$23,422,737 loss to the Government. This figure is extremely small in comparison to the total principal loaned since inception of the program of \$23 billion.

During fiscal year 2006, PreAuthorized Debit (PAD) proved to be one of the most effective direct payment processes for WEP borrowers. The system allows loan payments to be electronically withdrawn from borrowers' bank accounts on the day the payment is due. PAD has reduced the time required to process payments and has allowed for more timely application of payments to the borrowers' accounts. It has helped reduce the number of delinquent loans significantly. It has also saved our borrowers time and money in processing payments. By the end of FY 2006, 65 percent of the borrowers were utilizing PAD.

Borrowers are required to refinance (graduate) to other credit when they can obtain the needed funds from commercial sources at reasonable rates and terms. Borrowers are reviewed every other year after the initial loan is 6 years old to determine whether they can refinance with commercial credit sources. Those borrowers determined able to refinance are asked to work with other credit sources in acquiring loans at reasonable rates and terms to pay off their debt to the government. Generally, borrowers are required to refinance only when they can maintain reasonable user rates.

In FY 2006, WEP collected nearly \$738 million in principal and interest payments.

WEP Collections in FY 2006	
	Principal and Interest
Loan Payments	\$592,231,956
Loans Fully Paid	\$145,002,392
Total	\$737,234,348

In response to recommendations made in the 2003 PART, WEP has been proactive in creating better output and outcome measurements to quantify program success and identify solutions to better serve rural residents. In May 2005, the program revised its long-term measures to focus strategically on reducing rural peoples' exposure to water related health and safety hazards by FY 2010. Another long-term goal will focus on maintaining sustainable water systems in rural communities. Annual analyses will track program data to improve funds leveraged for project development, improve the loan to grant mix so that more loan dollars are used by systems that can afford maximum debt capacity, and limit grant funds to the neediest systems.

WWD Loan and Grant Program

State	FY 2005		FY 2006	
	Loan	Grant	Loan	Grant
ALABAMA	\$17,736,000	\$12,004,230	\$18,968,190	\$10,115,600
ALASKA	\$0	\$5,139,783	\$613,000	\$2,344,939
ARIZONA	\$5,021,000	\$4,358,000	\$6,946,750	\$4,949,000
ARKANSAS	\$25,098,733	\$10,916,768	\$27,659,000	\$11,938,000
CALIFORNIA	\$46,219,450	\$7,812,350	\$33,496,750	\$9,336,000
COLORADO	\$5,493,000	\$2,460,180	\$1,325,000	\$2,591,805
CONNECTICUT	\$4,009,000	\$2,643,727	\$6,716,500	\$2,661,500
DELAWARE	\$9,954,000	\$1,889,000	\$7,289,935	\$3,450,981
FLORIDA	\$24,429,000	\$8,041,210	\$24,123,000	\$7,726,120
GEORGIA	\$20,699,270	\$9,016,960	\$36,346,000	\$11,520,420
HAWAII	\$3,148,000	\$2,100,000	\$0	\$0
IDAHO	\$16,757,400	\$4,285,714	\$17,798,750	\$5,125,750
ILLINOIS	\$27,607,700	\$11,574,000	\$31,879,000	\$11,576,800
INDIANA	\$26,350,000	\$6,659,700	\$24,405,250	\$7,586,834
IOWA	\$20,207,000	\$6,645,000	\$31,664,900	\$8,836,300
KANSAS	\$13,252,700	\$5,998,640	\$14,968,400	\$5,897,552
KENTUCKY	\$25,602,000	\$11,953,600	\$27,878,000	\$10,597,960
LOUISIANA	\$26,109,200	\$9,118,002	\$24,338,200	\$7,366,055
MAINE	\$11,049,600	\$5,338,100	\$13,727,000	\$5,444,705
MARYLAND	\$11,411,790	\$3,961,000	\$13,580,782	\$4,446,100
MASSACHUSETTS	\$10,827,645	\$3,593,155	\$7,111,000	\$3,487,000
MICHIGAN	\$50,713,000	\$14,153,860	\$50,891,000	\$14,498,000
MINNESOTA	\$18,475,600	\$6,076,000	\$17,005,000	\$7,621,525
MISSISSIPPI	\$20,159,600	\$9,087,900	\$20,865,105	\$9,751,000
MISSOURI	\$23,011,300	\$8,213,850	\$27,957,550	\$8,300,145
MONTANA	\$7,005,400	\$3,391,000	\$1,887,000	\$2,095,000
NEBRASKA	\$8,033,000	\$3,813,400	\$10,234,000	\$5,501,900
NEVADA	\$2,646,475	\$2,185,478	\$8,078,000	\$2,347,000
NEW HAMPSHIRE	\$16,796,100	\$4,147,842	\$6,699,300	\$5,784,446
NEW JERSEY	\$10,252,400	\$3,608,000	\$13,392,000	\$4,890,000
NEW MEXICO	\$5,664,150	\$4,212,000	\$3,347,364	\$4,549,978
NEW YORK	\$15,328,200	\$10,242,900	\$20,512,700	\$10,258,775
NORTH CAROLINA	\$49,276,000	\$13,511,000	\$69,277,000	\$16,530,867
NORTH DAKOTA	\$4,432,430	\$3,727,000	\$5,978,700	\$4,043,950
OHIO	\$37,352,000	\$15,569,790	\$32,351,000	\$10,997,000
OKLAHOMA	\$13,604,000	\$7,149,325	\$23,769,000	\$7,978,870
OREGON	\$15,387,745	\$4,924,335	\$10,849,000	\$5,223,000
PENNSYLVANIA	\$52,768,250	\$18,252,800	\$24,618,100	\$11,041,140
PUERTO RICO	\$17,328,000	\$4,583,230	\$15,233,000	\$4,987,000
RHODE ISLAND	\$1,175,000	\$1,862,000	\$1,809,000	\$1,476,400
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$22,046,100	\$7,503,000	\$24,571,000	\$10,232,735
SOUTH DAKOTA	\$10,150,420	\$1,869,300	\$18,848,700	\$3,932,299
TENNESSEE	\$30,404,000	\$9,301,000	\$43,016,700	\$10,784,200
TEXAS	\$48,938,500	\$19,935,640	\$88,383,900	\$17,322,950
UTAH	\$1,273,000	\$1,643,740	\$9,554,900	\$3,025,960
VERMONT	\$2,622,740	\$4,200,100	\$1,832,300	\$3,138,000
VIRGIN ISLANDS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
VIRGINIA	\$16,598,600	\$11,002,600	\$24,982,760	\$8,428,000
W. PACIFIC AREAS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
WASHINGTON	\$6,321,240	\$6,210,061	\$10,411,000	\$6,992,920
WEST VIRGINIA	\$24,616,000	\$9,861,800	\$27,477,050	\$8,946,000
WISCONSIN	\$23,483,900	\$6,470,079	\$20,161,000	\$7,471,222
WYOMING	\$8,689,000	\$4,071,599	\$853,000	\$2,604,300
TOTALS	\$915,534,638	\$356,289,748	\$1,005,681,536	\$357,754,003

Guaranteed Water & Waste Loans

State	2005	2006
IDAHO	\$25,000	\$25,000
KANSAS	\$1,169,200	\$450,000
MISSISSIPPI	\$1,688,369	\$0
NEVADA	\$0	\$2,025,000
TOTALS	\$2,882,569	\$2,500,000

EZ/EC/REAP Loans and Grants

State	FY 2005		FY 2006	
	Loan	Grant	Loan	Grant
ARKANSAS	\$232,000	\$189,000	\$0	\$0
ILLINOIS	\$0	\$312,100	\$453,000	\$488,300
KENTUCKY	\$0	\$0	\$576,000	\$384,000
LOUISIANA	\$205,000	\$100,000	\$0	\$0
MAINE	\$634,000	\$1,610,597	\$578,000	\$1,732,000
MICHIGAN	\$430,000	\$1,287,000	\$0	\$0
NORTH DAKOTA	\$2,453,400	\$2,052,000	\$0	\$0
OKLAHOMA	\$517,000	\$1,420,000	\$0	\$0
OREGON	\$437,550	\$1,500,000	\$0	\$0
TENNESSEE	\$255,000	\$766,000	\$422,100	\$693,100
VERMONT	\$409,350	\$1,216,050	\$120,000	\$358,000
WEST VIRGINIA	\$300,000	\$1,500,000	\$309,000	\$1,000,300
TOTALS	\$5,873,300	\$11,952,747	\$2,458,100	\$4,655,700

Native American Grants

State	2005	2006
ARIZONA	\$0	\$1,000,000
CALIFORNIA	\$58,000	\$900,000
IDAHO	\$700,000	\$1,000,000
MAINE	\$2,000,000	\$2,270,000
MINNESOTA	\$0	\$903,000
MISSISSIPPI	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
MONTANA	\$2,916,948	\$1,000,000
NEBRASKA	\$0	\$84,000
NEW MEXICO	\$2,397,007	\$2,722,198
NEW YORK	\$600,600	\$0
NORTH DAKOTA	\$3,655,000	\$1,491,000
SOUTH DAKOTA	\$3,045,000	\$155,600
UTAH	\$448,000	\$516,800
WASHINGTON	\$200,000	\$1,940,000
WISCONSIN	\$0	\$1,086,000
WYOMING	\$0	\$277,000
TOTALS	\$17,020,555	\$16,345,598

Colonias Grants

State	2005	2006
ARIZONA	\$2,835,658	\$2,455,870
CALIFORNIA	\$2,854,000	\$2,878,000
NEW MEXICO	\$8,603,250	\$7,963,000
TEXAS	\$10,707,935	\$10,455,160
TOTALS	\$25,000,843	\$23,752,030

Emergency Program

State	Emergency Direct WW HTS Grants		ECWAG Direct WW Grants		2005 Hurricane Grants	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
ALABAMA	\$,2911,170		\$192,000			
COLORADO			\$500,000			
FLORIDA	\$3,000,000	\$1,932,628				
IDAHO				\$375,000		
ILLINOIS				\$624,000		
IOWA				\$500,000		
KANSAS			\$414,000	\$952,600		
LOUISIANA	\$4,952,598		\$400,000	\$282,991		\$4,471,000
MAINE			\$500,000			
MICHIGAN				\$150,000		
MISSISSIPPI	\$2,627,288	\$1,952,500				
NEBRASKA			\$4,570,200	\$403,000		
NEVADA				\$150,000		
NEW JERSEY	\$457,600					
NEW MEXICO			\$469,887			
NEW YORK	\$2,428,026	\$1,000,000	\$1,946,788			
NORTH CAROLINA	\$4,208,000	\$2,533,950				
NORTH DAKOTA			\$500,000			
OKLAHOMA			\$130,800	\$498,600		
PENNSYLVANIA	\$11,396,240	\$1,796,600				
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$1,000,000					
SOUTH DAKOTA				\$667,270		
TENNESSEE			\$742,700	\$150,000		
TEXAS	\$1,132,000	\$1,932,800		\$500,000		\$10,628,300
UTAH				\$1,000,000		
VIRGINIA	\$4,738,600		\$153,000			
WASHINGTON			\$16,000			
WEST VIRGINIA			\$141,700	\$496,000		
TOTALS	\$38,851,522	\$11,148,478	\$10,677,075	\$6,749,461		\$15,099,300

Appalachian Regional Commission Grants

State	2005	2006
ALABAMA	\$200,000	\$637,510
GEORGIA	\$0	\$600,000
KENTUCKY	\$2,300,000	\$6,624,050
MISSISSIPPI	\$500,000	\$0
NEW YORK	\$300,000	\$150,000
NORTH CAROLINA	\$459,600	\$200,000
OHIO	\$400,000	\$200,000
PENNSYLVANIA	\$0	\$285,000
TENNESSEE	\$610,000	\$300,896
VIRGINIA	\$0	\$400,000
TOTALS	\$4,769,600	\$9,397,456

Delta Regional Authority Grants

State	2005	2006
ARKANSAS		\$88,734
KENTUCKY		\$84,164
LOUISIANA	\$72,031	
TOTALS	\$72,031	\$172,898

Economic Development Administration Grants

State	2005	2006
IOWA	\$0	\$1,337,660
TOTALS	\$0.00	\$1,337,660

Solid Waste Management Grants

State	2005	2006
ALASKA	\$182,000	\$275,000
ARIZONA	\$0	\$180,000
ARKANSAS	\$68,000	\$128,000
CALIFORNIA	\$0	\$80,000
COLORADO	\$65,000	\$0
HAWAII	\$60,000	\$0
IDAHO	\$100,000	\$114,000
ILLINOIS	\$0	\$30,000
IOWA	\$239,500	\$38,000
KANSAS	\$134,500	\$0
KENTUCKY	\$95,000	\$88,000
LOUISIANA	\$99,600	\$99,000
MAINE	\$333,100	\$287,000
MASSACHUSETTS	\$195,900	\$179,000
MICHIGAN	\$64,000	\$0
MINNESOTA	\$0	\$100,000
MONTANA	\$96,000	\$0
NEVADA	\$62,700	\$0
NEW HAMPSHIRE	\$271,000	\$105,000
NEW YORK	\$99,000	\$105,000
NORTH CAROLINA	\$139,000	\$281,000
OHIO	\$218,000	\$334,998
OKLAHOMA	\$80,000	\$82,000
OREGON	\$97,500	\$97,000
TENNESSEE	\$70,000	\$50,000
TEXAS	\$65,000	\$100,000
UTAH	\$107,100	\$37,000
VERMONT	\$263,000	\$485,000
VIRGINIA	\$110,000	\$0
WASHINGTON	\$30,000	\$0
WEST VIRGINIA	\$0	\$160,000
WISCONSIN	\$0	\$30,000
WYOMING	\$127,300	\$0
TOTALS	\$3,472,200	\$3,464,998

Technical Assistance and Training Grants

State	2005	2006
ALABAMA	\$75,000	\$0
ALASKA	\$0	\$90,000
LOUISIANA	\$0	\$500,000
MARYLAND	\$5,555,200	\$5,544,000
NEVADA	\$0	\$100,000
NEW MEXICO	\$793,600	\$0
OKLAHOMA	\$10,370,274	\$10,370,000
VIRGINIA	\$120,200	\$60,000
WEST VIRGINIA	\$1,200,000	\$1,062,000
TOTALS	\$18,114,274	\$17,726,000

Individually-Owned Water Well System Grants

State	2005	2006
CALIFORNIA	\$100,000	\$0
OHIO	\$1,000,000	\$0
VIRGINIA	\$886,100	\$300,000
TOTALS	\$1,986,100	\$300,000

Grants for Water & Wastewater Revolving Fund

State	2005	2006
ARKANSAS	\$497,050	\$495,000
OKLAHOMA	\$496,000	\$0
TOTALS	\$993,050	\$495,000

Predevelopment Planning Grants

State	2005	2006
CALIFORNIA	\$11,250	\$0
COLORADO	\$18,000	\$0
CONNECTICUT	\$14,885	\$15,000
FLORIDA	\$14,020	\$0
IDAHO	\$15,000	\$15,000
INDIANA	\$11,250	\$20,000
MAINE	\$15,000	\$10,000
MARYLAND	\$15,000	\$39,000
MASSACHUSETTS	\$0	\$15,000
MICHIGAN	\$26,250	\$53,000
MINNESOTA	\$0	\$31,975
MISSOURI	\$39,300	\$40,830
MONTANA	\$0	\$10,000
NEVADA	\$15,000	\$15,000
NEW YORK	\$0	\$32,815
NORTH DAKOTA	\$0	\$15,000
OHIO	\$15,000	\$0
OKLAHOMA	\$9,375	\$0
OREGON	\$22,990	\$0
RHODE ISLAND	\$15,000	\$0
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$30,000	\$30,000
SOUTH DAKOTA	\$0	\$15,000
TENNESSEE	\$0	\$7,500
TEXAS	\$0	\$30,000
VIRGINIA	\$36,000	\$40,000
WASHINGTON	\$22,500	\$25,000
WEST VIRGINIA	\$26,200	\$0
WISCONSIN	\$22,500	\$21,000
TOTALS	\$394,520	\$481,120

All WWD Programs – FY 2006

State	No. of Loans	Loan Amount	No. of Grants	Grant Amount
ALABAMA	18	\$18,968,190	14	\$10,753,110
ALASKA	1	\$613,000	4	\$2,709,939
ARIZONA	6	\$6,946,750	7	\$8,584,870
ARKANSAS	31	\$27,659,000	29	\$12,649,734
CALIFORNIA	23	\$33,496,750	23	\$13,194,000
COLORADO	3	\$1,325,000	6	\$2,591,805
CONNECTICUT	2	\$6,716,500	3	\$2,676,500
DELAWARE	3	\$7,289,935	4	\$3,450,981
FLORIDA	11	\$24,123,000	12	\$9,658,748
GEORGIA	8	\$36,346,000	6	\$12,120,420
HAWAII	0	\$0	0	\$0
IDAHO	18	\$17,823,750	17	\$6,629,750
ILLINOIS	33	\$32,332,000	28	\$12,719,100
INDIANA	17	\$24,405,250	9	\$7,606,834
IOWA	26	\$31,664,900	24	\$10,711,960
KANSAS	18	\$15,418,400	15	\$6,850,152
KENTUCKY	25	\$28,454,000	43	\$17,778,174
LOUISIANA	30	\$24,338,200	24	\$12,719,046
MAINE	15	\$14,305,000	18	\$9,743,705
MARYLAND	9	\$13,580,782	11	\$10,029,100
MASSACHUSETTS	7	\$7,111,000	10	\$3,681,000
MICHIGAN	35	\$50,891,000	29	\$14,701,000
MINNESOTA	22	\$17,005,000	26	\$8,656,500
MISSISSIPPI	47	\$20,865,105	28	\$12,703,500
MISSOURI	36	\$27,957,550	24	\$8,340,975
MONTANA	7	\$1,887,000	8	\$3,105,000
NEBRASKA	17	\$10,234,000	20	\$5,988,900
NEVADA	10	\$10,103,000	10	\$2,612,000
NEW HAMPSHIRE	10	\$6,699,300	11	\$5,889,446
NEW JERSEY	11	\$13,392,000	11	\$4,890,000
NEW MEXICO	13	\$3,347,364	26	\$15,235,176
NEW YORK	40	\$20,512,700	40	\$11,546,590
NORTH CAROLINA	27	\$69,277,000	24	\$19,545,817
NORTH DAKOTA	5	\$5,978,700	8	\$5,549,950
OHIO	22	\$32,351,000	21	\$11,531,998
OKLAHOMA	17	\$23,769,000	16	\$32,750,544
OREGON	8	\$10,849,000	8	\$5,320,000
PENNSYLVANIA	23	\$24,618,100	13	\$13,122,740
PUERTO RICO	8	\$15,233,000	3	\$4,987,000
RHODE ISLAND	4	\$1,809,000	4	\$1,476,400
SOUTH CAROLINA	13	\$24,571,000	13	\$10,262,735
SOUTH DAKOTA	20	\$18,848,700	17	\$4,770,169
TENNESSEE	47	\$43,438,800	48	\$11,985,696
TEXAS	67	\$88,383,900	45	\$40,969,210
UTAH	8	\$9,554,900	10	\$4,579,760
VERMONT	8	\$1,952,300	12	\$3,981,000
VIRGIN ISLANDS	0	\$0	0	\$0
VIRGINIA	15	\$24,982,760	16	\$9,228,000
WASHINGTON	12	\$10,411,000	13	\$8,957,920
WEST VIRGINIA	19	\$27,786,050	18	\$11,664,300
WISCONSIN	17	\$20,161,000	19	\$8,608,222
W. PACIFIC AREAS	0	\$0	0	\$0
WYOMING	2	\$853,000	4	\$2,881,300
TOTALS	894	\$1,010,639,636	852	\$482,700,776

How To Contact Us

For additional information, contact your local USDA Rural Development office, or contact the National office at:

**USDA Rural Development
Utilities Programs
Water and Environmental Programs
1400 Independence Avenue, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20250-1548
Telephone (202) 690-2670, fax (202) 720-0718, or**

Visit the WEP website: <http://www.usda.gov/rus/water/>

Visitors will find timely information on:

- ❑ WEP program information and how to apply for assistance
- ❑ Links to processing forms, regulations, State regulatory agencies
- ❑ Technical assistance programs available
- ❑ Training tools and tips on preparing engineering, environmental, and financial feasibility reviews, success stories, etc.
- ❑ Engineering resources for applicants, engineers, consultants, employees
- ❑ Locations of Rural Development State offices and contact information
- ❑ Information on special initiatives and legislative matters
- ❑ Links to technical assistance providers that specialize in drinking water, wastewater, and solid waste management problems for small communities

Acronyms

ARC	<i>Appalachian Regional Commission</i>
EC	<i>Enterprise Communities</i>
ECWAG	<i>Emergency Community Water Assistance Grant</i>
EDA	<i>Economic Development Administration</i>
EZ	<i>Empowerment Zones</i>
DRA	<i>Delta Regional Authority</i>
HTS	<i>Hurricane Tropical Storm</i>
OMB	<i>Office of Management and Budget</i>
PAD	<i>PreAuthorized Debit</i>
PART	<i>Performance Assessment Rating Tool</i>
PPG	<i>Predevelopment Planning Grant</i>
RCAP	<i>Rural Community Assistance Program</i>
REAP	<i>Rural Economic Area Partnership</i>
SWM	<i>Solid Waste Management</i>
TAT	<i>Technical Assistance and Training</i>
WEP	<i>Water and Environmental Program</i>

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